

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI M.M. JACOB): (a) and (b). The manufacture of pistols, revolvers and rifles and their ammunition in the private sector is not permitted. The private sector gun manufacturing units in existence at the time of declaration of the Industrial policy Resolution 1956 of the Government of India are allowed to continue the manufacture of ML/BL guns and their ammunition.

Power Shortage in Rajasthan

511. SHRI GUMAN MAL LODHA: Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the National Thermal Power Corporation has formulated any scheme to remove power shortage in Western Rajasthan in the year 1991 onwards:

(b) whether any scheme is under consideration of Government for electrification of Pali District Rajasthan;

(c) the time by which is under rural electrification will be completed; and

(d) whether there is any scheme to generate power through solar energy in Western Rajasthan in the year 1991?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (SHRI KALPA NATH RAI): (a) Out of National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC)'s power stations in the Northern Region viz: Singrauli (2000MW), Rihand (1000MW), Anta (413 MW), and Auraiya (652 MW) Rajasthan has been allocated a total share of 535 MW as per the Central formula; Rajasthan's allocation from the forthcoming Dadri Gas Power

Project (817 MW) will be 75 MW.

The following project proposals have been received from NTPC for implementation in the Northern Region: -

(i) Rihand Stage - II (2x500MW), U.P.

(ii) Yamunanagar Thermal Power Project (4 x 210 MW), Haryana,

(iii) Faridabad Gas Power Project-I (800 MW) Haryana.

(iv) Anta - II (430 MW), Rajasthan.

(v) Dadri - II (400 MW), Delhi.

(vi) Farukhabad Gas Power Project (800 MW), U.P.

Rajasthan is entitled to allocation of power from these projects as per Central formula for allocation of power from central sector thermal power projects.

(b) and (c). In Pali District of Rajasthan, there are 818 villages. As on 31st March, 1991, all these villages have been electrified.

(d) A proposal to set up a 30 MW Solar Thermal Power project at villages Mathenia near Jodhpur in West Rajasthan has been received from the Department of Non-Conventional Energy Sources by the Central Electricity Authority for techno-economic clearance.

[Translation]

Major Power Projects

512. SHRI KRISHNA DUTT SULTANPURI: Will the Minister of POWER AND NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES be pleased to state: